PART 3

For questions **25 – 34**, read the text below. Use the word given in capitals at the end of some of the lines to form a word that fits in the gap **in the same line**.

Languages

Most languages are grouped into language families. A language family can be **DEFINITION** (25) as a group of languages with a common ancestor, **REFERENCE** which is **(26)** to as a protolanguage. **INCLUSION** For example, the Indo-European family (27) most current **SPEAK** European languages, and also languages (28) in Iran, in India, and Pakistan. The Indo-European language family has been split into smaller language groups: for example, Italian, French and Spanish have a common ancestor which belongs to the Romance family. **RELATIONSHIP** Yet there are languages that do not appear to be (29) **SEPARATE** member language families are called *language isolates*. For example within the Romance languages, Sardinian is an isolate. **AGREEMENT** Linguists do not (31) about the number of language families in the world. According to the list of the world's languages – "Ethnologue" LIFE - there about 6,909 (32) languages in the world. Many of them are spoken by small groups of people (less than 10,000 people), and more than 80% are only spoken in single countries. WIDE The English language is the most (33) used language in **OFFICE** the world. It has become the world's **(34)** international language.



TIP

When you find words with affixes while reading a text (articles or literature passage or others) write it down with example sentences.